The HHHHHMM Scale*

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Based on a scale of 0 to 10, with 10 ideal.

HURT: Is the pet's pain well managed? Can the pet breathe properly? Pain and breathing
difficulty are top concerns, and trouble breathing outweighs all concerns.
HUNGER: Is the pet eating enough? Does handfeeding help? Would a feeding tube help?
HYDRATION: Is the pet properly hydrated? For patients not drinking enough water, will using
subcutaneous fluids daily or twice daily be enough of a supplement?
HYGIENE: Can the pet be kept clean, including after eliminations, or is self-soiling persistent
and difficult to tend to? Can pressure sores be avoided with soft bedding and frequent turning?
HAPPINESS: Does the pet express joy and interest? Is the pet responsive to family, toys, etc.? Is
the pet depressed, lonely, anxious, bored, or afraid?
MOBILITY: Can the pet get up without assistance? Can the pet get by without human or
mechanical help (e.g., a cart)? Does the pet feel like going for a walk? Is the pet having seizures or
stumbling? (Some caregivers feel euthanasia is preferable to amputation, but an animal with limited
mobility yet still alert, happy and responsive can have a good quality of life as long as caregivers are
committed to helping their pet.)
MORE GOOD DAYS THAN BAD: When bad days outnumber good days, quality of life might be
too compromised.
TOTAL: A total of more than 35 points represents acceptable life quality.

Quality of Life Scales/ Assessment